- (<u>currently amended</u>)a-A method for measuring the DNA-structure specific binding activity of a test protein comprising the steps of:
 - a) Immobilizing a single DNA substrate comprising a specific DNA structure to a solid support, thenContacting a nucleic acidthe DNA substrate comprising a specific structure immobilized on a solid support with a test protein or mixture of proteins; and
 - b) detecting <u>Detecting</u> the protein or mixture of proteins from step (a) bound to the immobilized nucleic acid substrate. while the DNA substrate is still bound to the solid support.
- 2. <u>(original)</u> The method according to claim 1, wherein the solid support is a microtiter plate.
- 3. <u>(canceled)</u> The method according to claim 1, wherein the immobilized nucleic acid substrate comprises DNA.
- 4. (currently amended) The method according to claim 31, wherein the DNA is damaged.
- 5. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid structure comprises DNA ends.
- 6. (original) The method according to claim 4, wherein the damaged DNA comprises UV- irradiated DNA.
- 7. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the test protein comprises a cell extract.



- 8. <u>(original)</u> The method according to claim 1, wherein the test protein comprises a DNA repair protein.
- 9. <u>(currently amended)</u> The method according to claim 1, wherein the DSSBP test protein is detected by contacting the solid support of step (b) with an antibody.
- 10. (original) The method according to claim 9, wherein said antibody comprises an anti-DNA-PK antibody.
- 11. (original) The method according to claim 8, wherein the DNA repair protein comprises DNA-PK.
- 12. (currently amended) A method for measuring an the DSSBP modulating ability of a test substance to modulate a DNA-structure specific binding proteincomprising the steps of:
 - a) Contacting a nucleic acidsingle DNA substrate comprising a specific structure immobilized on a solid support with a test substance to produce a reaction premix;
 - b) Contacting the reaction premix of step (a) with a DSSBP capable of binding the immobilized substrate DNA-structure specific binding protein to produce a reaction mix; and
 - c) Detecting the protein from step (b) while the DNA substrate is still bound to the solid support.
- 13. (canceled) The method of claim 12, wherein the reaction mix is further subjected to a process whereby the DSSBP is detected.
- 14. (original) The method according to claim 12, wherein the solid support is a microtiter plate.



- 15. (canceled) The method according to claim 12, wherein the immobilized nucleic acid substrate comprises DNA.
- 16. (<u>currently amended</u>) The method according to claim <u>4512</u>, wherein the DNA is damaged.
- 17. (original) The method according to claim 12, wherein the nucleic acid structure comprises DNA ends.
- 18. (original) The method according to claim 16, wherein the damaged DNA comprises UV- irradiated DNA.
- 19. (currently amended) The method according to claim 12, wherein the DSSBP DNA-structure specific binding protein comprises a DNA repair protein.
- 20. (currently amended) The method according to claim <u>1312</u>, wherein the <u>DSSBP_DNA-structure specific binding protein</u> is detected by contacting the solid support with an antibody.
- 21. (original) The method according to claim 20, wherein said antibody comprises an anti-DNA-PK antibody.
- 22. (currently amended) The method according to claim 919, wherein the DNA repair protein comprises DNA-PK.
- 23. (new) A method for measuring an ability of a test substance to modulate a DNA-structure specific binding proteincomprising the steps of:
 - a) Contacting a DNA-structure specific binding protein with a test substance to produce a reaction premix;
 - b) Contacting the reaction premix of step (a) with a single DNA substrate comprising a specific structure immobilized on a solid support to produce a reaction mix; and





c) Detecting the protein from step (b) while the DNA substrate is still bound to the solid support.